# **FAFSA Simplification Fact Sheet**

	Old New
A Better FAFSA	Terminology
The FAFSA Simplification Act was ratified in August 2022, with the intent to streamline the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) application process. It specified three goals: 1) expanded eligibility for federal financial aid, 2) reduced barriers for certain student populations and, 3) a better user experience for the FAFSA form.	EFC (expected Family contribution)
	Household Size
	Parent (s)
	Student Aid Report
This PDF outlines changes that accomplish these goals.	Dependency Status
	IRS Data Retrieval Tool II Direct Data Exchange

Old	New
Process	
	Contributor will NOT be able to access the FAFSA without an FSA ID set up and verified by SSA prior to starting the form
Parent without social security number could not create FSA ID. Signature page required	Parent (s) without SSN will be required to create an FSA ID – process TBD
Using IRS Data Retrieval Tool was optional	Everyone has to click a permission box allowing their financial information to be transferred from the IRS, including non tax-filers
I "whom the student lived with more out of I I the year"	New definition of parent is "parent which provides the greater portion of the student's financial support"
Student could enter up to 10 colleges	Student will be able to add up to 20 colleges
Formula Changes	
Household size reported by student applicant	Family size based on number of people claimed as exemptions on tax forms
Businesses and farms with fewer than 100 employees not counted as an asset	Net value of businesses and farms of any size counted as an asset
Number in college included in EFC calculation	Number in college NO LONGER included in SAI calculation. Question will still appear for institutional purposes
asset information	I information
	Lowest SAI is - 1500
FAFSA Preview Available FSA ID Process Released	Financial Aid Estimator Released FAFSA Demo Site Available 2024-2025 FAFSA Opens

**Continue Your Education** 

This information was compiled by the College and Career Access team at the Office of the Idaho State Board of Education, with help from Federal Student Aid, UAspire, NCAN, UNC, and others.



Visit www.NextSteps.Idaho.gov for additional help and insights.

# Contributors

A contributor is anyone who is required to provide information on the FAFSA; that means the student, parent(s), and spouse might all be referred to as "contributors" in the FAFSA form.

## **FSA ID**

EVERY contributor will need an FSA ID to access the FAFSA. Undocumented parents will now be able to create an FSA ID.

Tip: Ensure every contributor creates an FSA ID before the FAFSA becomes available.

## **Multi-Factor Authentication**

All contributors will need to set up at least one form of multi-factor authentication. It could be a phone (device), email address, or via an authentication app.

Tip: Set up ALL forms of multi-factor authentication.

## **Family Size**

For tax-filers, family size will be automatically calculated based on the number of individuals claimed on the tax return. If the family size is different from the tax return, there will be an option to enter it manually.

Tip: Have a copy of the tax return or tax transcript on hand to check who was claimed.

#### Number in College

The number of dependents in college will no longer impact the federal formula for aid distribution. However, questions about the number of dependents in the household attending college may still appear for institutional purposes.

# **Federal Tax Information**

Direct Data Exchange (DDX) will replace the IRS Data Retrieval Tool (DRT) as the process for transferring tax information from the IRS. This will reduce the number of financial questions that most families will see on the FAFSA.

All contributors must consent to having their tax information transferred, even if they did not file taxes for the required year. There will be few exceptions for manual entry.

If consent is not granted...

- the FAFSA will be considered incomplete
- the FAFSA will be ineligible for federal financial aid

## **Reporting Assets**

Families with an Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) greater than \$60k will be required to report asset information. The net worth of businesses and farms of any size will now be included.

## **Potential Impact on Students**

The new formula allows a minimum SAI of negative \$1,500 to give financial aid administrators more insight when making determinations for students with especially challenging situations.

Some applicants will be able to determine Pell Grant eligibility prior to enrolling in college based on their family size, household income, and state's poverty standards.



Source: State Higher Education Executive Officers Association (SHEEO)

#### **EFC vs SAI**

Household size reported by student application V.S. Family size automatically calculated based on tax forms Number in college impacts EFC V.S. Number in college no longer considered in SAI Businesses and farms with fewer than 100 employees not counted as an asset V.S. Businesses and farms of any size counted as an asset Lowest SAI is -1500

Lowest EFC is 0 V.S.

Idaho State Board of Education Financial aid information is constantly changing. The content presented in this document reflects the best of the Idaho State Board of Education's understanding at the time of publication.